

SENATE BILL No. 8

DIGEST OF SB 8 (Updated January 22, 2002 3:59 PM - DI 96)

Citations Affected: IC 9-13; IC 9-21; IC 9-30; IC 34-6; IC 34-28; IC 36-1.

Synopsis: Automated traffic law enforcement systems. Relocates the definition of "traffic control device" for purposes of the motor vehicle code. Defines "automated traffic law enforcement system" as a device that has one or more motor vehicle sensors working in conjunction with a traffic control signal with steady red indication or illuminated flashing red light and that produces a recorded still photographic image of a motor vehicle or a vehicle being drawn by a motor vehicle proceeding through an intersection. Defines "traffic control signal" and "moving traffic violation". Allows a local authority to adopt and enforce an ordinance under which the owner of a motor vehicle commits a violation when an automated traffic law enforcement system produces a recorded image of the motor vehicle or a vehicle being drawn by a motor vehicle proceeding through the intersection contrary to the requirement to stop at a red light. Establishes certain defenses that may be raised in a proceeding to enforce an ordinance concerning automated traffic law enforcement systems. Provides that an ordinance concerning the use of an automated traffic control system may not impose a civil penalty exceeding \$100, and that the ordinance may be enforced through a local ordinance violation bureau or through infraction and ordinance violation enforcement proceedings. Provides that an ordinance must require a local police officer to review the recorded image. Provides that an ordinance may not provide for the payment of compensation to a vendor on the basis of the number of recorded images, the number of citations issued, or revenue generated. Authorizes an ordinance to provide for the mailing of warning notices in lieu of imposing a civil penalty. Makes conforming changes.

Effective: July 1, 2002.

Adams K, Antich, Wyss, Meeks C, Broden

November 20, 2001, read first time and referred to Committee on Transportation and Interstate Cooperation.

January 17, 2002, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.

January 22, 2002, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



Second Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2002)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2001 General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 8

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

purposes of IC 9-21, has the meaning set forth in IC 9-21-3.5-2.
1, 2002]: Sec. 5.5. "Automated traffic law enforcement system", for
AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
SECTION 1. IC 9-13-2-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE

SECTION 2. IC 9-13-2-94.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: **Sec. 94.5. "Local police officer", for purposes of IC 9-21-3.5, has the meaning set forth in IC 9-21-3.5-3.**

SECTION 3. IC 9-13-2-110 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 110. "Moving traffic offense", violation", for purposes of IC 9-25-9-1 IC 9-30-2-9, and IC 9-30-3-14, has the meaning set forth in IC 9-30-3-14(a). IC 9-30-3-14(b).

SECTION 4. IC 9-13-2-182.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 182.3. "Traffic control device", for purposes of IC 9-21, has the meaning set forth in IC 9-21-1-0.3.

SB 8-LS 6038/DI 96+



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1	SECTION 5. IC 9-13-2-182.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
2	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 182.5. "Traffic control signal",
4	for purposes of IC 9-21, has the meaning set forth in IC 9-21-1-0.5.
5	SECTION 6. IC 9-13-2-196.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 196.5. "Vendor", for purposes of
8	IC 9-21-3.5, has the meaning set forth in IC 9-21-3.5-5.
9	SECTION 7. IC 9-21-1-0.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
10	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
11	1, 2002]: Sec. 0.3. As used in this article, "traffic control device"
12	means a sign, signal, marking, or device, including a railroad
13	advance warning sign, not inconsistent with this title, placed or
14	erected by authority of a public body or an official having
15	jurisdiction for purposes of regulating, warning, or guiding traffic.
16	SECTION 8. IC 9-21-1-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
17	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
18	1, 2002]: Sec. 0.5. As used in this article, "traffic control signal"
19	means a traffic signal as defined by the Indiana Manual on
20	Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways as
21	created under IC 9-21-2-1 by which traffic alternately is directed
22	to stop and permitted to proceed.
23	SECTION 9. IC 9-21-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 3. (a) A local authority, with respect
25	to streets and highways under the authority's jurisdiction and within the
26	reasonable exercise of the police power, may do the following:
27	(1) Regulate the standing or parking of vehicles.
28	(2) Regulate traffic by means of police officers or traffic control
29	signals, including enforcement by use of automated traffic law
30	enforcement systems.
31	(3) Regulate or prohibit processions or assemblages on the
32 33	highways.
	(4) Designate a highway as a one-way highway and require that
34	all vehicles operated on the highway be moved in one (1) specific
35	direction.
36	(5) Regulate the speed of vehicles in public parks.
37	(6) Designate a highway as a through highway and require that all
38	vehicles stop before entering or crossing the highway.
39 10	(7) Designate an intersection as a stop intersection and require all
40 4.1	vehicles to stop at one (1) or more entrances to the intersection.
41	(8) Restrict the use of highways as authorized in IC 9-21-4-7.

(9) Regulate the operation of bicycles and require the registration



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1	and licensing of bicycles, including the requirement of a
2	registration fee.
3	(10) Regulate or prohibit the turning of vehicles at intersections.
4	(11) Alter the prima facie speed limits authorized under
5	IC 9-21-5.
6	(12) Adopt other traffic regulations specifically authorized by this
7	article.
8	(13) Adopt traffic regulations governing traffic control on public
9	school grounds when requested by the governing body of the
10	school corporations.
11	(b) An ordinance or regulation adopted under subsection (a)(4),
12	(a) (5), (a)(6), (a)(7), (a)(8), (a)(10), (a)(11), (a)(12), or (a)(13) is
13	effective when signs giving notice of the local traffic regulations are
14	posted upon or at the entrances to the highway or part of the highway
15	that is affected.
16	SECTION 10. IC 9-21-1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 8. (a) This section
18	applies to the person who drives an authorized emergency vehicle
19	when:
20	(1) responding to an emergency call;
21	(2) in the pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law; or
22	(3) responding to, but not upon returning from, a fire alarm.
23	(b) The person who drives an authorized emergency vehicle may do
24	the following:
25	(1) Park or stand, notwithstanding other provisions of this article.
26	(2) Proceed past a red or stop traffic control signal or stop sign,
27	traffic control device, but only after slowing down as necessary
28	for safe operation.
29	(3) Exceed the maximum speed limits if the person who drives the
30	vehicle does not endanger life or property.
31	(4) Disregard regulations governing direction of movement or
32	turning in specified directions.
33	(c) This section applies to an authorized emergency vehicle only
34	when the vehicle is using audible or visual signals as required by law.
35	An authorized emergency vehicle operated as a police vehicle is not
36	required to be equipped with or display red and blue lights visible from
37	in front of the vehicle.
38	(d) This section does not do the following:
39	(1) Relieve the person who drives an authorized emergency
40	vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all
41	persons.

(2) Protect the person who drives an authorized emergency



1	vehicle from the consequences of the person's reckless disregard
2	for the safety of others.
3	SECTION 11. IC 9-21-3-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 2. (a) Each traffic
5	control signal installation on a street or highway within Indiana may
6	be erected only after the completion of traffic engineering studies that
7	verify that the traffic signal control signal is necessary as set forth in
8	the Indiana Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and
9	Highways.
10	(b) If:
11	(1) the proposed installation is in the immediate vicinity of a
12	school; and
13	(2) the installation does not meet the requirements of this section;
14	the governmental unit responsible for the control of traffic at the
15	location shall grant a special hearing on the question to a person who
16	has properly petitioned for the installation of a traffic control signal.
17	SECTION 12. IC 9-21-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 3. Each traffic control
19	signal upon a street or highway in Indiana that does not conform to this
20	chapter shall be removed by the governmental agency having
21	jurisdiction over the highway.
22	SECTION 13. IC 9-21-3-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 4. The Indiana
24	department of transportation is responsible for the control of all traffic
25	control signals on the state highway system.
26	SECTION 14. IC 9-21-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 5. A traffic control
28	signal installation on a state route is the property of the Indiana
29	department of transportation.
30	SECTION 15. IC 9-21-3-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as
32	provided in subsection (b), a public or private agency may not erect a
33	traffic control device on a state maintained highway without the written
34	permission of the Indiana department of transportation.
35	(b) This subsection applies to the installation of traffic control
36	signals on a state highway in a city or town. The Indiana department of
37	transportation shall:
38	(1) install any traffic control signal that meets the standards,
39	specifications, and warrants set forth in the Indiana Manual on
40	Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways; or

(2) grant written permission to a city or town to erect the traffic

control signal if it is not possible for the state immediately to



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1	install the traffic control signal.
2	SECTION 16. IC 9-21-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 7. (a) Whenever traffic
4	is controlled by traffic control signals exhibiting different colored lights
5	or colored lighted arrows successively, one (1) at a time or in
6	combination, only the colors green, red, or yellow may be used, except
7	for special pedestrian signals under IC 9-21-18.
8	(b) The lights indicate and apply to drivers of vehicles and
9	pedestrians as follows:
10	(1) Green indication means the following:
11	(A) Vehicular traffic facing a circular green signal may
12	proceed straight through or turn right or left, unless a sign at
13	the place prohibits either turn.
14	(B) Vehicular traffic, including vehicles turning right or left,
15	shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles and to pedestrians
16	lawfully within the intersection or an adjacent sidewalk at the
17	time the signal is exhibited.
18	(C) Vehicular traffic facing a green arrow signal, shown alone
19	or in combination with another indication, may cautiously
20	enter the intersection only to make the movement indicated by
21	the green arrow or other movement permitted by other
22	indications shown at the same time.
23	(D) Vehicular traffic shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians
24	lawfully within an adjacent crosswalk and to other traffic
25	lawfully using the intersection.
26	(E) Unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian control signal,
27	pedestrians facing a green signal, except when the sole green
28	signal is a turn arrow, may proceed across the roadway within
29	a marked or unmarked crosswalk.
30	(2) Steady yellow indication means the following:
31	(A) Vehicular traffic facing a steady circular yellow or yellow
32	arrow signal is warned that the related green movement is
33	being terminated and that a red indication will be exhibited
34	immediately thereafter.
35	(B) A pedestrian facing a steady circular yellow or yellow
36	arrow signal, unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian control
37	signal, is advised that there is insufficient time to cross the
38	roadway before a red indication is shown, and a pedestrian
39	may not start to cross the roadway at that time.
40	(3) Steady red indication means the following:
41	(A) Except as provided in clause (B), vehicular traffic facing
42	a steady circular red signal alone shall stop at a clearly marked



1	stop line. However, if there is no clearly marked stop line,
2	vehicular traffic shall stop before entering the crosswalk on the
3	near side of the intersection. If there is no crosswalk, vehicular
4	traffic shall stop before entering the intersection and shall
5	remain standing until an indication to proceed is shown.
6	(B) Except when a sign is in place prohibiting a turn described
7	in this subdivision, vehicular traffic facing a steady red signal,
8	after coming to a complete stop, may cautiously enter the
9	intersection to do the following:
10	(i) Make a right turn.
11	(ii) Make a left turn if turning from the left lane of a
12	one-way street into another one-way street with the flow of
13	traffic.
14	Vehicular traffic making a turn described in this subdivision
15	shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians lawfully within an
16	adjacent crosswalk and to other traffic using the intersection.
17	(C) Unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian control signal,
18	pedestrians facing a steady circular red signal alone may not
19	enter the roadway.
20	(4) No indication or conflicting indications means the following:
21	(A) Vehicular traffic facing an intersection having a traffic
22	control signal that displays no indication or conflicting
23	indications, where no other control is present, shall stop before
24	entering the intersection.
25	(B) After stopping, vehicular traffic may proceed with caution
26	through the intersection and shall yield the right-of-way to
27	traffic within the intersection or approaching so closely as to
28	constitute an immediate hazard.
29	(5) This section applies to traffic control signals located at a place
30	other than an intersection. A stop required under this subdivision
31	must be made at the signal, except when the signal is
32	supplemented by a sign or pavement marking indicating where
33	the stop must be made.
34	SECTION 17. IC 9-21-3-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 8. (a) This section does
36	not apply at railroad grade crossings.
37	(b) Whenever an illuminated flashing red or yellow light is used in
38	a traffic control signal or with a traffic sign, vehicular traffic shall obey
39	the signal in the following manner:
40	(1) Flashing red (stop signal) means the following:
41	(A) When a red lens is illuminated by rapid intermittent

flashes, a person who drives a vehicle shall stop at a clearly



1	marked stop line before entering the crosswalk on the near
2	side of the intersection.
3	(B) If no line exists, the person shall stop at the point nearest
4	the intersecting roadway where the person has a view of
5	approaching traffic on the intersecting roadway before
6	entering the roadway.
7	(C) The right to proceed is subject to the rules applicable after
8	making a stop at a stop sign.
9	(2) Flashing yellow (caution signal) means that when a yellow
10	lens is illuminated with rapid intermittent flashes, a person who
11	drives a vehicle may proceed through the intersection or past the
12	signal only with caution.
13	SECTION 18. IC 9-21-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
14	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2002]:
16	Chapter 3.5. Automated Traffic Law Enforcement System
17	Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply to the following:
18	(1) Farm wagons.
19	(2) Farm tractors.
20	(3) Farm machinery.
21	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "automated traffic law
22	enforcement system" means a device:
23	(1) that has one (1) or more motor vehicle sensors working in
24	conjunction with a traffic control signal that exhibits:
25	(A) a steady red light as described in IC 9-21-3-7(b)(3); or
26	(B) an illuminated flashing red light as described in
27	IC 9-21-3-8(b)(1); and
28	(2) that is capable of producing a photographically recorded
29	still image of a motor vehicle or a vehicle being drawn by a
30	motor vehicle, including an image of the vehicle's rear license
31	plate, as the vehicle proceeds through an intersection while
32	the traffic control signal is exhibiting a steady red light or a
33	flashing red light.
34	The image referred to in subdivision (2) may not include a
35	recorded video image of a motor vehicle.
36	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "local police officer" means any
37	of the following:
38	(1) A regular member of a city or town police department.
39	(2) A town marshal or town marshal deputy.
40	(3) A regular member of the county police force.
41	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "owner" means a person in
42	whose name a motor vehicle is registered under:



1	(1) IC 9-18;
2	(2) the laws of another state;
3	(3) the laws of a foreign country; or
4	(4) the International Registration Plan.
5	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "vendor" means a person who:
6	(1) provides to a local authority; or
7	(2) services;
8	an automated traffic law enforcement system.
9	Sec. 6. Notwithstanding IC 9-21-3-7 and IC 9-21-8-41, a local
10	authority, with respect to highways under its jurisdiction, may
11	adopt and enforce an ordinance that regulates the placement and
12	use of automated traffic law enforcement systems.
13	Sec. 7. Before enforcing an ordinance adopted under section 6
14	of this chapter, the local authority must install advance warning
15	signs along all approaches of the roadways preceding the
16	intersection at which an automated traffic law enforcement system
17	is located.
18	Sec. 8. (a) An ordinance adopted under section 6 of this chapter
19	must provide that the owner of a motor vehicle commits a violation
20	of the local ordinance when the automated traffic law enforcement
21	system produces a recorded image as described in section 2(2) of
22	this chapter of the motor vehicle proceeding through an
23	intersection contrary to the requirement to stop at a red light
24	under IC 9-21-3-7(b)(3).
25	(b) The local authority shall mail the owner of a motor vehicle
26	or a vehicle being drawn by a motor vehicle committing a violation
27	of an ordinance adopted under section 6 of this chapter notice of
28	the ordinance violation. The notice must include the following:
29	(1) The name and address of the owner of the motor vehicle or
30	the vehicle being drawn by a motor vehicle.
31	(2) The registration number of the motor vehicle or the
32	vehicle being drawn by a motor vehicle.
33	(3) The violation charged.
34	(4) The location of the intersection.
35	(5) The date and time of the violation.
36	(6) A copy of the recorded image described in subsection (a).
37	(7) The amount of the civil penalty imposed for the violation.
38	(c) An ordinance adopted under section 6 of this chapter may
39	not impose a civil penalty exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100).
40	(d) An ordinance adopted under section 6 of this chapter may
41	authorize the local authority to mail a warning notice to the owner

in lieu of imposing a civil penalty for the violation of the ordinance.



1	(e) An ordinance adopted under section 6 of this chapter must
2	provide that a local police officer must review the recorded image
3	described in section 2(2) of this chapter before the notices referred
4	to in subsections (b) and (d) are mailed to the owner of the motor
5	vehicle.
6	Sec. 9. (a) It is a defense in a proceeding to enforce an ordinance
7	adopted under section 6 of this chapter if the owner:
8	(1) proves that, at the time of the alleged violation, the owner
9	was engaged in the business of renting or leasing motor
10	vehicles under written agreements;
11	(2) proves that, at the time of the alleged violation, the motor
12	vehicle was in the care, custody, or control of a person (other
13	than the owner or an employee of the owner) under a written
14	agreement for the rental or lease of the motor vehicle for a
15	period of not more than sixty (60) days; and
16	(3) provides to the ordinance violations bureau or court that
17	has jurisdiction the name and address of the person who was
18	renting or leasing the motor vehicle at the time of the alleged
19	violation.
20	(b) The owner of a motor vehicle may establish proof under
21	subsection (a)(2) by submitting, within thirty (30) days after the
22	owner receives notice by mail of the ordinance violation, a copy of
23	the rental or lease agreement to the ordinance violations bureau or
24	court that has jurisdiction.
25	(c) If the owner of a motor vehicle establishes the proof required
26	under subsection (a)(2), the ordinance violations bureau or the
27	court that has jurisdiction shall mail a notice of the ordinance
28	violation to the person identified as the person having the care,
29	custody, or control of the motor vehicle at the time of the violation.
30	The proof required under subsection (a)(2) creates a rebuttable
31	presumption that the person having the care, custody, or control
32	of the motor vehicle at the time of the violation was the driver of
33	the motor vehicle at the time of the violation. The notice required
34	under this subsection must contain:
35	(1) the information described in section 8(b) of this chapter;
36	and
37	(2) a statement that the person receiving the notice was
38	identified by the owner of the motor vehicle as the person
39	having the care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle at the
40	time of the violation.
41	Sec. 10. (a) This subsection applies to an owner other than an



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owner described in section 9 of this chapter.

1	(b) It is a defense to a proceeding to enforce an ordinance
2	adopted under section 6 of this chapter if the owner provides to the
3	ordinance violations bureau or court that has jurisdiction the
4	following:
5	(1) An affidavit signed under the penalties of perjury that
6	neither the owner nor a member of the owner's immediate
7	family was driving the motor vehicle at the time of the alleged
8	violation.
9	(2) An affidavit signed under the penalties of perjury stating
10	either of the following:
11	(A) The name and address of the person driving the motor
12	vehicle or the motor vehicle drawing a vehicle at the time
13	of the alleged violation.
14	(B) That either the motor vehicle or the license plate of the
15	motor vehicle or the vehicle being drawn by the motor
16	vehicle had been stolen before the alleged violation
17	occurred and was not under the control or possession of
18	the owner at the time of the alleged violation. In addition
19	to the affidavit described in this clause, the owner must
20	submit proof that a police report was filed concerning the
21	stolen motor vehicle or stolen license plate.
22	(c) If the owner of a vehicle submits the evidence required under
23	subsection (b)(2)(A), the ordinance violations bureau or the court
24	that has jurisdiction shall mail a notice of the ordinance violation
25	to the person identified as the person driving the motor vehicle at
26	the time of the violation. The evidence required under subsection
27	(b)(2)(A) creates a rebuttable presumption that the person
28	identified in the affidavit required under subsection (b)(2)(A) was
29	the driver of the motor vehicle at the time of the violation. The
30	notice required under this subsection must contain:
31	(1) the information described in section 8(b) of this chapter;
32	and
33	(2) a statement that the person receiving the notice was
34	identified by the owner of the motor vehicle as the person
35	driving the motor vehicle at the time of the violation.
36	Sec. 11. It is a defense to a proceeding to enforce an ordinance
37	adopted under section 6 of this chapter that any of the following
38	apply:
39	(1) IC $9-21-1-8(b)(2)$ (a person driving an authorized
40	emergency vehicle may proceed past a red or stop signal or
41	stop sign after slowing down as necessary for safe operation).
42	(2) IC 9-21-3-7(b)(4) (traffic control signal lights are giving no



1	indication or conflicting indications).
2	(3) IC 9-21-13-1 (vehicle with lighted headlights is in a funeral
3	procession).
4	Sec. 12. An ordinance adopted under section 6 of this chapter
5	may not provide for the payment of compensation to a vendor on
6	the basis of:
7	(1) the number of recorded images as set forth in section 8(a)
8	of this chapter detected by the equipment furnished by a
9	vendor;
10	(2) the number of ordinance violation citations issued as set
11	forth in section 8(b) of this chapter; or
12	(3) revenue generated by use of equipment or services
13	provided by a vendor.
14	Compensation provided to a vendor may be based on the value of
15	the equipment or services provided by the vendor.
16	SECTION 19. IC 9-30-3-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-1999,
17	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 12. (a) If during any twelve (12) month period a
19	person has committed moving traffic violations for which the person
20	has:
21	(1) been convicted of at least two (2) traffic misdemeanors;
22	(2) had at least two (2) traffic judgments entered against the
23	person; or
24	(3) been convicted of at least one (1) traffic misdemeanor and has
25	had at least one (1) traffic judgment entered against the person;
26	the bureau may require the person to attend and satisfactorily complete
27	a defensive driving school program. The person shall pay all applicable
28	fees required by the bureau.
29	(b) This subsection applies to an individual who holds a
30	probationary license under IC 9-24-11-3 or is less than eighteen (18)
31	years of age. An individual is required to attend and satisfactorily
32	complete a defensive driving school program if either of the following
33	occurs at least twice or if both of the following have occurred:
34	(1) The individual has been convicted of a moving traffic offense
35	violation (as defined in section 14(a) of this chapter), other than
36	an offense that solely involves motor vehicle equipment.
37	(2) The individual has been the operator of a motor vehicle
38	involved in an accident for which a report is required to be filed
39	under IC 9-26-2.
40	The individual shall pay all applicable fees required by the bureau.
41	(c) The bureau may suspend the driving license of any person who:
42	(1) fails to attend a defensive driving school program; or



1	(2) fails to satisfactorily complete a defensive driving school
2	program;
3	as required by this section.
4	(d) Notwithstanding IC 33-19-5-2, any court may suspend one-half
5	(1/2) of each applicable court cost for which a person is liable due to
6	a traffic violation if the person enrolls in and completes a defensive
7	driving school or a similar school conducted by an agency of the state
8	or local government.
9	SECTION 20. IC 9-30-3-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 14. (a) This section
11	does not apply to a violation of an ordinance adopted under
12	IC 9-21-3.5-6.
13	(b) As used in this section, "moving traffic offense" violation"
14	means a violation of a statute, an ordinance, or a rule relating to the
15	operation or use of motor vehicles while the motor vehicle is in motion.
16	(b) (c) If a court convicts a person for a moving traffic offense
17	violation, and the person is known or believed by the court not to be
18	the owner of the motor vehicle, the court shall, within seven (7) days
19	after entering the conviction, deposit with the United States Postal
20	Service, first class postage prepaid, notice addressed to the owner of
21	the motor vehicle giving the owner the following information:
22	(1) The name and address of the person convicted.
23	(2) The name and address of the owner of the motor vehicle.
24	(3) The offense upon which the conviction was made.
25	(4) The date of arrest of the person convicted and the location of
26	the place of the offense.
27	(5) The license plate number of the motor vehicle.
28	(6) The operator's or chauffeur's license number of the person
29	convicted.
30	(7) The date of the conviction and the name of the court making
31	the conviction.
32	SECTION 21. IC 34-6-2-85 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 85. "Moving traffic
34	violation", for purposes of IC 34-28-5, means a violation of:
35	(1) a statute defining an infraction; or
36	(2) an ordinance, other than a violation of an ordinance
37	adopted under IC 9-21-3.5-6;
38	that applies when a motor vehicle is in motion.
39	SECTION 22. IC 34-28-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.98-2000,
40	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 1. (a) An action to enforce a statute defining an
42	infraction shall be brought in the name of the state of Indiana by the



1	prosecuting attorney for the judicial circuit in which the infraction
2	allegedly took place. However, if the infraction allegedly took place on
3	a public highway (as defined in IC 9-25-2-4) that runs on and along a
4	common boundary shared by two (2) or more judicial circuits, a
5	prosecuting attorney for any judicial circuit sharing the common
6	boundary may bring the action.
7	(b) An action to enforce an ordinance shall be brought in the name
8	of the municipal corporation. The municipal corporation need not
9	prove that it or the ordinance is valid unless validity is controverted by
10	affidavit.
11	(c) Actions under this chapter (or IC 34-4-32 before its repeal):
12	(1) shall be conducted in accordance with the Indiana Rules of
13	Trial Procedure; and
14	(2) must be brought within two (2) years after the alleged conduct
15	or violation occurred.
16	(d) The plaintiff in an action under this chapter must prove the
17	commission of an infraction or ordinance violation by a preponderance
18	of the evidence.
19	(e) The complaint and summons described in IC 9-30-3-6 may be
20	used for any infraction or ordinance violation.
21	(f) The prosecuting attorney or the attorney for a municipal
22	corporation may establish a deferral program for deferring actions
23	brought under this section. Actions may be deferred under this section
24	if:
25	(1) the defendant in the action agrees to conditions of a deferral
26	program offered by the prosecuting attorney or the attorney for a
27	municipal corporation;
28	(2) the defendant in the action agrees to pay to the clerk of the
29	court an initial user's fee and monthly user's fee set by the
30	prosecuting attorney or the attorney for the municipal corporation
31	in accordance with IC 33-19-5-2(e);
32	(3) the terms of the agreement are recorded in an instrument
33	signed by the defendant and the prosecuting attorney or the
34	attorney for the municipal corporation;
35	(4) the defendant in the action agrees to pay court costs of
36	twenty-five dollars (\$25) to the clerk of court if the action
37	involves a moving traffic offense violation (as defined in
38	IC 9-13-2-110); and
39	(5) the agreement is filed in the court in which the action is
40	brought.

When a defendant complies with the terms of an agreement filed under this subsection (or IC 34-4-32-1(f) before its repeal), the prosecuting

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1	attorney or the attorney for the municipal corporation shall request the	
2	court to dismiss the action. Upon receipt of a request to dismiss an	
3	action under this subsection, the court shall dismiss the action. An	
4	action dismissed under this subsection (or IC 34-4-32-1(f) before its	
5	repeal) may not be refiled.	
6	SECTION 23. IC 36-1-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 3. (a) Certain	
8	ordinances may be enforced by a municipal corporation without	
9	proceeding in court through:	
10	(1) an admission of violation before the violations clerk under	
11	IC 33-6-3; or	
12	(2) administrative enforcement under section 9 of this chapter.	
13	(b) Except as provided in subsection (a), a proceeding to enforce an	
14	ordinance must be brought in accordance with IC 34-28-5, section 4 of	
15	this chapter, or both.	
16	(c) An ordinance defining a moving traffic violation other than a	
17	violation of an ordinance adopted under IC 9-21-3.5-6 may not be	
18	enforced under IC 33-6-3 and must be enforced in accordance with	
19	IC 34-28-5.	
20	SECTION 24. IC 9-13-2-117 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY	
21	1, 2002].	



SENATE MOTION

Mr. President: I move that Senator Broden be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 8.

ADAMS K

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COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. President: The Senate Committee on Transportation and Interstate Cooperation, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 8, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, between lines 4 and 5, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 2. IC 9-13-2-94.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 94.5. "Local police officer", for purposes of IC 9-21-3.5, has the meaning set forth in IC 9-21-3.5-3."

Page 1, after line 17, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 6. IC 9-13-2-196.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: **Sec. 196.5.** "Vendor", for purposes of **IC 9-21-3.5**, has the meaning set forth in **IC 9-21-3.5-5.**".

Page 2, line 11, delete "an electrical power operated" and insert "a". Page 2, line 11, delete "control device other" and insert "signal as defined by the Indiana Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways as created under IC 9-21-2-1".

Page 2, delete lines 12 through 15.

Page 2, run in lines 11 and 16.

Page 2, line 16, after "traffic" insert "alternately".

Page 2, line 16, after "is" delete "warned or directed to take some specific action." and insert "directed to stop and permitted to proceed.".

Page 7, line 20, after "recorded" insert "still".

Page 7, between lines 24 and 25, begin a new line blocked left and insert:

"The image referred to in subdivision (2) may not include a recorded video image of a motor vehicle.

- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "local police officer" means any of the following:
 - (1) A regular member of a city or town police department.
 - (2) A town marshal or town marshal deputy.
 - (3) A regular member of the county police force.".

Page 7, line 25, delete "3." and insert "4.".

Page 7, between lines 30 and 31, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "vendor" means a person who:

(1) provides to a local authority; or



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(2) services;

an automated traffic law enforcement system.".

Page 7, line 31, delete "4." and insert "6.".

Page 7, line 35, delete "5." and insert "7.".

Page 7, line 35, delete "4" and insert "6".

Page 7, line 37, after "along" insert "all approaches of ".

Page 7, line 37, delete "proceeding to" and insert "preceding".

Page 7, line 39, delete "6." and insert "8.".

Page 7, line 39, delete "4" and insert "6".

Page 7, line 42, after "image" insert "as described in section 2(2) of this chapter".

Page 8, line 4, delete "4" and insert "6".

Page 8, line 14, delete "4" and insert "6".

Page 8, line 16, delete "4" and insert "6".

Page 8, between lines 18 and 19, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(e) An ordinance adopted under section 6 of this chapter must provide that a local police officer must review the recorded image described in section 2(2) of this chapter before the notices referred to in subsections (b) and (d) are mailed to the owner of the motor vehicle."

Page 8, line 19, delete "7." and insert "9.".

Page 8, line 20, delete "4" and insert "6".

Page 8, line 22, after "leasing" insert "motor".

Page 8, line 24, after "violation, the" insert "motor".

Page 8, line 27, after "of the" insert "motor".

Page 8, line 31, after "leasing the" insert "motor".

Page 8, line 33, after "a" insert "motor".

Page 8, line 38, after "a" insert "motor".

Page 9, line 2, after "of the" insert "motor".

Page 9, line 6, delete "6(b)" and insert "8(b)".

Page 9, line 12, delete "8." and insert "10.".

Page 9, line 13, delete "7" and insert "9".

Page 9, line 15, delete "4" and insert "6".

Page 9, line 42, delete "6(b)" and insert "8(b)".

Page 10, line 5, delete "9." and insert "11.".

Page 10, line 6, delete "4" and insert "6".

Page 10, between lines 14 and 15, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 12. An ordinance adopted under section 6 of this chapter may not provide for the payment of compensation to a vendor on the basis of:

(1) the number of recorded images as set forth in section 8(a) of this chapter detected by the equipment furnished by a

vendor;

- (2) the number of ordinance violation citations issued as set forth in section 8(b) of this chapter; or
- (3) revenue generated by use of equipment or services provided by a vendor.

Compensation provided to a vendor may be based on the value of the equipment or services provided by the vendor.".

Page 11, line 11, delete "IC 9-21-3.5-4." and insert "IC 9-21-3.5-6.". Page 11, line 36, delete "IC 9-21-3.5-4;" and insert "IC 9-21-3.5-6;".

Page 13, line 16, delete "IC 9-21-3.5-4" and insert "IC 9-21-3.5-6". Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 8 as introduced.)

RIEGSECKER, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 7, Nays 2.

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SENATE MOTION

Mr. President: I move that Senate Bill 8 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, line 12, after "in" strike "IC".

Page 1, line 13, before "9-3-3-14(b)." insert "IC".

Page 7, line 29, delete "vehicle," and insert "vehicle or a vehicle being drawn by a motor vehicle,".

Page 8, line 24, after "vehicle" insert "or a vehicle being drawn by a motor vehicle".

Page 8, line 28, delete "vehicle." and insert "vehicle or the vehicle being drawn by a motor vehicle."

Page 8, line 29, delete "vehicle." and insert "vehicle or the vehicle being drawn by a motor vehicle."

Page 10, line 9, after "vehicle" insert "or the motor vehicle drawing a vehicle".

Page 10, line 11, after "vehicle" insert "or the vehicle being drawn by the motor vehicle".

(Reference is to SB 8 as printed January 18, 2002.)

ADAMS K



